12d Wednesday, April 24 Residual Values

1.4 exercise 4

Step one: Create a table of values with 4 columns, where the first two columns are the X and Y values from the dataset.

Step two: In the third column calculate y- values for each Dataset X value based on the line of best fit equation.

Step three: Calculate Residual values (R_i) in the fourth column. Subtract the Dataset y-value (y_i) by the line of best fit y-value (y_{Li}) .

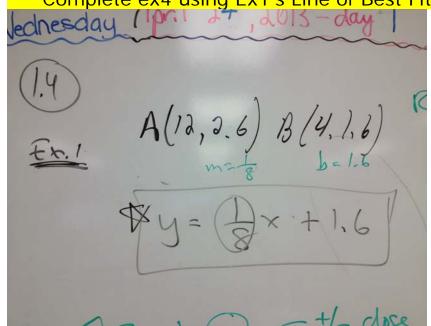
Step four: Calculate the sum of the residual values (ΣR_i) at the bottom of column 4.

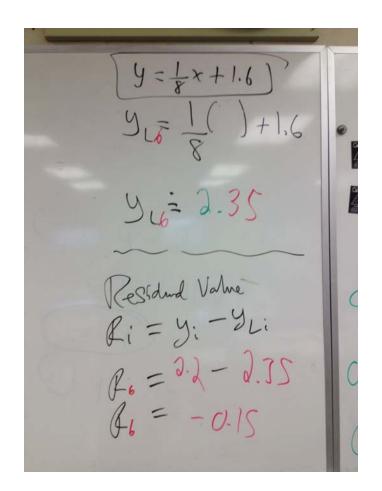
***what do you notice???

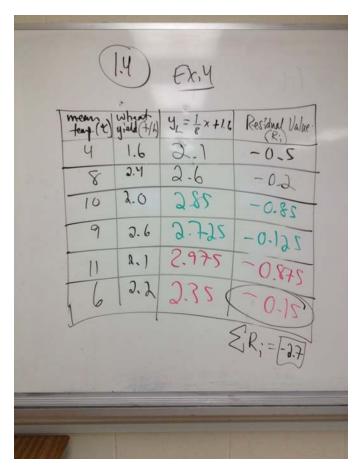
Step five: Draw a residual plot

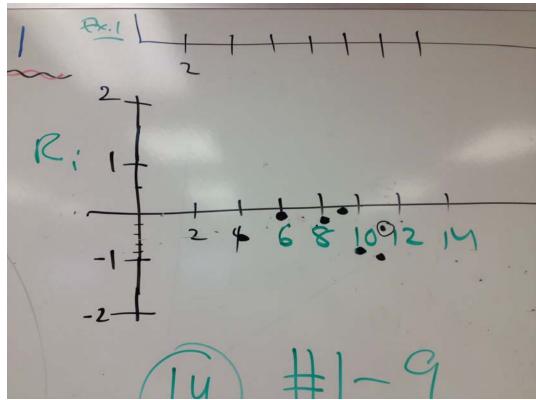
Step six: Conclusions from this data analysis and errors/adjustments

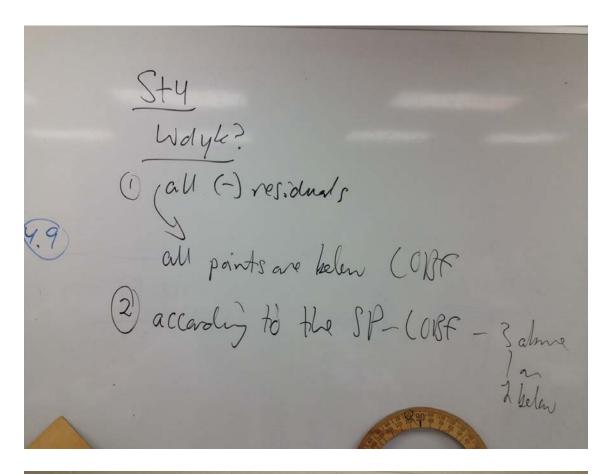
***Complete ex4 using Ex1's Line of Best Fit Equation (from 1.4 handout)



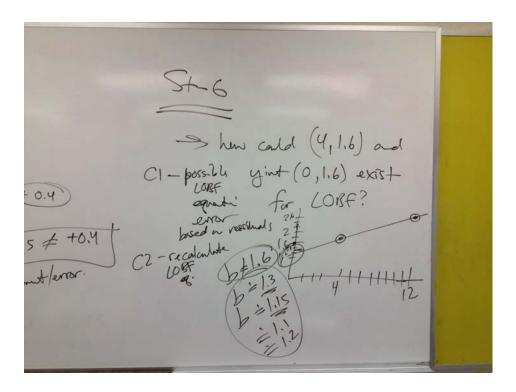


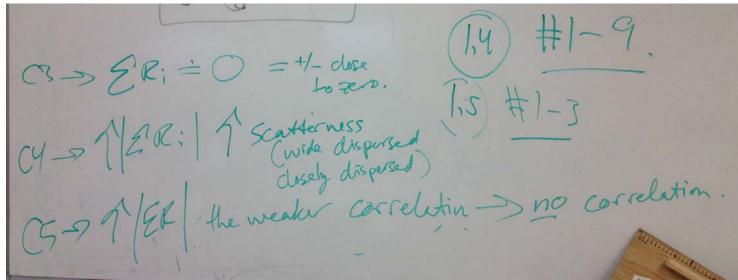






3) at x=6 y=2-1on LOBE x=6 y=1.8 x=1.8 x=1.8x=1.





*** The smaller the residual sum the greater the correlation

*The greater the residual sum, the weaker the correlation or no correlation or another model may be more appropriate

Classwork/Homework:

- 1.4 pg51 #3 to 9.
- 1.5 pg60 #1 to 3.